Dr. Nansen Accuses Governments of Shirking Famine Relief for Bolshevists.

DOUBTS IT AIDS SOVIET

But Asks; 'Is That Any Reason for Allowing 20,000,-000 to Starve?'

PLENTY HERE, SHIPS IDLE

Half the Cost of Battleship Would Save Thousands,

By the Associated Press

GENEVA, Sept. 30 .- Charges that Bolshevism is responsible for the Russian famine and counter charges that pothe hesitation on the part of the Governments to provide for the feeding of the starving Russians were the outnding features of a violent debate in the League of Nations Assembly to

Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, High Commis sioner of the International Committee sioner of the International Committee for Russian Relief, who made the counter charges, was upheld in his efforts, however, and a paragraph was introduced into the committee report stating that the league could not appeal to the nations for funds to feed Russia, expressing confidence in him and in the prospect of his success. As adopted the committee report leaves the governmental action with referthe governmental action with reference to Russian relief to be decided DAUGHTER CONTESTS by the Brussels conference, while appealing to private charity and welfare organizations generally for aid for

Press Leagued With Falschood.

Dr. Nansen repeated his charges that Dr. Nansen repeated his charges that the press was in league with the campaign of falsehood to prevent the success of his work. He said he thought this campaign was due to fear in some quarters that relief for Russia would strengthen the Soviet Government. He did not think such would be the case, but even if it should be, he asked. "Is that any reason for allowing 20,000,000 persons to starve?"

any reason for allowing 20,000,000 persons to starve?"

Dr. Nansen defended the agreement he had made in Moscow with the Soviet Government for Joint supervision of relief work. "The success of Herbert Hoover's work, as well as mine, depends entirely upon the cooperation of the Soviet Government," he said.

The hope that the nations would take the initiative and reverse the decision of the Assembly by coming forward with money was expressed by Dr. Nansen. Sweden, Norway, Czecho-Slovakia, the United States, Canada and Argentina already were contributing, he pointed out. "Half the cost of a battle ship would save thousands of Ruxians," cried Dr. Nansen, "and yet I am told the nations have not the money for this purpose. If this is so let them say so, Let there be no hypocrisy."

this is so let them say so. Let there be no hypocrisy."

Dr. Nansen appealed to the nations and peoples of the whole world to act before it was too late. He said.

"Corr is lying in Argentina in such abundance that it is used as fuel for locomotives. Wheat is rotting in granneries in the United States for lack of buyers. Canada alone from her excess crops could furnish three times the quantity of food necessary for the Russians. Shipping is lying idle in Europe and America because there is no freight, while from 20,000,000 to 30,000,000 Russiana are in danger of perishins because they cannot get this food that no one clae wants."

M. Enckell of Finlard threw the first bomoshell into the debate by asserting that Bolshevist troop and selzed food sent by Finland to relieve famine suf-ference in content Karalia on the Finish order. Te said that refugees in that agion had asked Finland to intervene ith the Powers so as to be assured ellef sent them would reach its destina-

lows:

"The Assembly most severely condemns the economic and political system of the Soviet Government and holds it chiefly responsible for the present catastrophe in Russia and for the attempts to conduct criminal propaganda with the object of causing similar atastrophes in other countries." A compromise was reahed, and M. Spalalkovitch withdrew his amendment and the paragraph voicing confidence in Dr. Nansen was itronduced into the report.

Article X. Discussed.

Article X. Discussed.

Charles U. Doherty, Canadian representative in the Assembly, has reduced to a minimum the chances of final rejection at this session of his amendment which would eliminate Article X. from the covenant of the League of Nations. The subcommittee having this matter in hand had decided upon rejection and adopted an interpretive resolution to the effect that Article X. was never intended to perpetuate geographical and political divisions us they now exist, but merely as a safeguard against external ggression.

sion.

Not stinfled with this position, Mr. Doherty at a hearing before the full committee this afternoon gave an exhaustive argument that greatly impressed the committee. It was then suggested that the interpretive resolution be dropped, that Mr. Doherty's amendment stand on the agenda and that the Assembly be asked again to refere the mitter for investigation with a report to the next Assembly.

the next Assembly.

Mr. Doherty was not ready to agree to this procedure and asked permission to think it over until to-morrow, when the committee again will consider the questions.

ANOTHER STILLMAN CHANGE.

Date for Resumption of Hearing Now Set for October 25.

John F. Brennan of Yonkers, chief counsel for Mrs. Anne Urquhart Potter Stillman, announced last night that the next hearig i the James A. Stillman divorce sult will be held October & at Poughkeepsie. It had been reported Thaursday that the hearing, which was to have been held October 11. had been postponed until November 1 because of the illness of Daniel J. Gleason, the referse.

Mr. Brennan said he had received a letter from Mr. Gleason placing the time at the earlier date. The lawyer denied Mrs. Stillman conferred with him yesterday, and said there probably would not be a conference with counsel for a week or more.

POLISH NOTE PLANS TO END WAR CHANCE WITH RUSSIA

Protestations of Peaceful Intent and Promise to Punish Foes of Soviet Regime in Poland Create Pacific Outlook Between Two Nations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1921, by THE NEW YORK HERALD. REVAL, via LONDON, Sept. 39.—The Polish representative in Moscow has Government. A conflict between Poland and Russia is, therefore, now regarded as unlikely. The Polish Minister in Reval says war with Russia is now impossible, especially since the recent changes in the Polish Cabinet.

The Moscow Isveesita reports destructive fires throughout Russia, destroying forests, fuel, including

tive fires throughout Russia, destroying adds, promises that the Bolshevik documents and goods for export. It blames bandits.

forests, fuel, including coal, crops, mills, factories and goods for export. It blames bandits.

By the Associated Press.

Right Letvia, Sept. 30.—The Polish reply to the Soviet Government's note, says an official radio message from Moscow, promises that Boris Savinkoff, the anti-Bolshevik leader, and his followers will be expelled from Poland if the complaints as to their acts toward Russia are proved.

The reply denies that pressure had been brought to bear on Poland by France. It likewise denies the receipt by Poland of the Russian note of September 2.

NEWFOUNDLAND RADIO LEWIS WINS FIGHT MAY GO TO ADMIRALTY

Admiral Pakenham Arrives at Miners Spend Day in Wrangle St. John's for Inspection.

MRS. GEORGER'S WILL

DAUGHTER CONTESTS

MRS. GEORGER'S WILL

Asserts Mother, Not She. Neglected Duty.

Mrs. W. I. Percival of 31 West
Eleventh street. who, according to the will of her mother. Mrs. A. Amella was therefore cut off from any inheritance, claims in affidavits filled yesternday with Surrogate Foley that the Eeglect was on the part of the mother. She alleges that her brother. Francis Frederic Georger, to whom most of a speed up programme. Final adjournment is a lieges that her brother. Francis Frederic Georger, to whom most of a speed up programme. Final adjournment is a lieges that her brother. Francis Surrogate state was bequeathed, "was the recipiant of his mother's bounty all his hands during her life time."

Mrs. Georger's will also left to her son his deceased father's interest in the real estate firm of Brooke & Georger, 2 West Thirty-fourth street. It specially provided that if he died before her, the estate was to be dided among certain relatives and friends, so that none would go to the daughter. Surrogate set down the contest for trial in October.

SWEDISH CABINET TO RESIGN.

SWEDISH CABINET TO RESIGN.

Form Socialist Ministry.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 30.—The Cabinet, headed by Oscar von Sydow as Premier, will resign next Tuesday in consequence of the recent elections.

King Gustav is expected to ask Hjalmar Branting to form a new Ministry, which will be entirely Socialistic, as the Liberals have declared their unwillingness to join a new Liberal-Socialist coalition.

PERSHING HONORS AMERICAN PRIVATE Approves Fight on Liquor and Drugs.

Decorates Alexander Trutko With Distinguished Service Medal Voted by Congress.

This just reference is obscure, but may refer to the communication with Russia GIVES TOKENS TO FRENCH that was stated in Riga despatches of

Elaborate Ceremonies Set for To-morrow at Unknown Soldier's Grave.

COBLENZ, Sept. 30. -Gen. Pershing today continued his review and inspection return to their native customs." of the Rhine occupation forces. He decwas serving with the Eighteenth Infan-

Moscow, Sept. 29.—Odessa despatches announce that an organization there of followers of Gen. Petiura, the Ukrainian anti-Bolshevik leader, has been broken up by the Cheka, or Soviet inquisition. Sixty-three persons, chiefly landlords and officers, were executed by shooting, and many others were imprisoned, the despatches say. Distinguished Service medals were

Distinguished Service medals were presented to Gens. Edmund Hennocque. Camille Michel and Henri Schmidt and Cols. George Frid, Pierre Hering and Charles Perrin, all of the French Rhine Army, and to Cel. August Du Bois of the Belgian Army.

Gen. Pershing left Coblenz this aftermoon for Parls, and was followed shortly afterward by the composite battalion of American soldiers which will take part in Sunday's ceremonies at the placing of the Medal of Honor on the toph of the unknown soldier of France. ON SALARY REFUND

Paris, Sept. 30.—The French Gov-rement has arranged one of the most aborate and impressive ceremonies ince the armistice for next Sunday since the armistice for next Sunday morning, when Gen. Pershins, places the Medal of Honor voted by the United States Congress on the tomb of the unknown solder of France. It includes an extensive military review of all the chief branches of the French army, to be led by a composite battalion from the American forces in Germany

Germany.

President Millerand, Premior Briand,
Marshal Foch, members of the Cabinet,
the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies, and nearly all the French military ties, and nearly all the French military leaders who now are in France will participate in the ceremony at the grave of the unknown soldier, Myron T. Herrick, United States Ambassador, the staff of the embassy, Vice-Admiral Niblack, commander of the American naval forces in European waters, and a delegation of the American Legion will represent the United States. Government officials express much pleasure at the coming of the American soldiers, declaring they regard the ceremony as the most definite official expression of France-American friendship since the war.

OPEN SHOP MEASURES PRESSED IN CHICAGO

Concerted Effort to End Building Chaos.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD CHICAGO Sept. 30 .- A concerted effort of contractors, business men, architects and civic bodies to bring order out of the chaotic condition that has throttled the Chicago building industry, will be made next Monday at a meeting in the Hotel La Saile. Hhe meeting has been been ordered stopped. The only exceetion made is for the Irish relief committee, whose drive for the Irish relief committee. mittee, whose drive for funds virtually

three questions:

The raising of a fund to make Chicago an open shop town.

The close adherence to the principles outlined in the Landis award.

The advisability of allowing any building construction to go forward.

Invitations have been sent to the Illinois Manufacturers Association, the Chicago Association of Commerce, the Illinois Society of Architects, the American Institute of Architects, the Chicago Real Estate Board and the Chicago Bar Association. is closed.

The order, Mr. O'Mara said, "is not meant as any reflection on the purpose, diligence or integrity of the various relief associations that have been raising funds for Ireland, but is more in the way of preparation for the forthcoming campaign for the \$20,000,000 Irish loan, authorized by the Dail Eireann." The loan campaign will start about November 15.

INDIAN REVOLT FAILURE SOVIET SUSPECTS **BOOTH TUCKER SEES**

Commissioner Booth Tucker of the

wife on the steamship Adriatic after spending some time in India, said last night at the Hotel Algonquin that he did not believe from his personal observaion that Gandhi in his nationalistic

movement would succeed. "Gandh! may do a great deal of good." aid Commissioner Tucker, "in opposing said Commissioner Tucker, "in opposing the liquor and drug traffic, but I do not believe he will be successful in his attempts at nationalism. The situation is principally economic. Native hand loom weavers have been thrown out of employment by the importation of manufactured goods from Manchester. Gandhi, who is a native barrister, is exploiting the situation and urging Indians to return to their native customs."

Commissioner Booth said that the Salof the Rhine occupation forces. He decorated Private Alexander Trutko of Akron, Ohio, with the Distinguished Service Cross for extraordinary heroism at Solssons in July, 1918. Trutko at the time sons in July, 1918. Trutko at the time British control the Mohammedans probably would exterminate the Hindus.

NEW LID ON FRENCH DUELS.

Severe Penalties to Be Indicted or Offenders in the Future.

By the Associated Press.
Sept. 30.—The Ministry of

U. S. RELIEF AIDS

Salvation Army, who arrived with his Spies Set to Watch Workers, Fearing Plot to Overthrow Belshevist Rule.

TROTZKY IS DISTRUSTFUL

Experience With Hoover Agent Is Referred To as Cause for Present Espionage.

Special Cable to THE New YORK REALD. Copyright, 1921, by THE NEW YORK HEELD. REVAL, via London, Sept. 20.—American relief workers in Russia are being closely watched by Soviet spies because will intrigue for the overthrow of Bol shevism. Every move they make is systematically noted, their conversa tions are frequently overheard and their communications which reach the for-eign press at Riga are immediately communicated to an Extraordinary Commission. Their visits and their daily life are constantly under suspi-

By the Associated Press.

Paris, Sept. 30.—The Ministry of Justice has sent a circular to the public prosecutors in all the departments of France, ordering them to take action against all the principals and seconds in duels, which result in deaths or wounds. The Ministry demands that severe penalties be inflicted.

The circular says that no acts of violence against persons can be tolerated when premeditated, minutely regulated and surrounded by noisy publicity, which it declares should be most severely repressed. This circular follows closely upon the publicity given recently by the newspapers to reports of a personal encounter between Count de Poret and Camille la Farge.

daily life are constantly under suspicion.

The man most responsible for this system of espionage is Leon Trotzky. Speaking of the famine relief before the executive committee of commissars he expressed decided distrust of the Hoover to the New York State Institute of Applied Agricular torse, who was a member of the New Towns a pointed by Secretary Hoover to investigate conditions in Russian introduced and surrounded by noisy publicity, which it declares should be most severely repressed. This circular follows closely upon the publicity given recently by the newspapers to reports of a personal encounter between Count de Poret and Camille la Farge.

FAVOR ALGECURAS RAILROAD.

FAVOR ALGECIRAS RAILROAD.

FAVOR ALGECIRAS RAILROAD.

Advantage to Spain Urged by Newspapers.

Advantage to Mary to overthrow the Bolshevik Government at Moscow. If he is not sent to Moscow other American agents quite

Newspapers.

Ican people lend aid quickly, as other wise the hunger maddened drifters will be the kunger maddened drifters will be the sevent wise the hunger maddened drifters will be the sevent wise the hunger maddened drifters will be the property of the sevent wise the hunger maddened drifters will be the

newspapers have started a campaign in favor of the construction of a railroad from the French frontier through Spain it o Algedras, which recently was announced to be under consideration by the Mistry of Finance.

El Debate contends that such a line would be of enormous advantage to Spain in facilitating the transportation of national products.

Sent."

There is an example here in communication. American, nications from a certain Am

harmless tittle tattle, though in the present excited state of the Bolshevik mind even tittle tattle is suspected.

One of the alleged communications describes a meeting of the Bolshevist executive committee in the Kremlin, and says that M. Derchinsky, ex-chief of the Extraordinary Commission, and still its guiding spirit, threatened to leave office if the International Relief Commission headed by M. Noullens, the former French Ambassador to Petrograd, was allowed to enter Russia, and if the non-Bolshevist familine committee in Moscow was not dissolved.

Another communication describes a meeting of English and Americans in the premises occupied by the English trade delegate in order to discuss the Soviet's dissolution of the non-Bed familine committee and the imprisonment of

Seriet's dissolution of the non-Red fam-ine committee and the imprisonment of some of the committeemen. It is fur-ther alleged that the communication quote Capt. "X" as complaining of the difficulties he has encountered, and say-

ing that it may be impossible for him to do anything.

Americans here readily see that such communications do no good to the cause of famine relief and may lead to the expulsion of some of the American workers if the greatest care is not exceeded.

MILLION TONS GRAIN RUSSIA'S REAL NEED

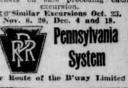
Albert Johnson, Hoover Aid, to Appeal to Congress.

Special Cable to The New York Herald. Copyright, 1921, by The New York Herald.

MADRID, Sept. 30.—Several of the as unscrupulous as he may possibly be aged to find food enough to keep up their strength and are prepared to fight avor of the construction of a railroad. There is an example here in communication the French frontier through Spain nications from a certain American. "Many of these no doubt have swelled

Washington

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 9 SPECIAL TRAIN LEAVES New York (Penna Sta.) 12,10 A.M. Returning Leaves





SCLE AGENT REQUIRED FOR U.S.A.



The World's Greatest Leather Stores, 604 Fifth Ave., New York, 253 Brendway Hoston—145 Tremont Street London—89 Regent Street

First Fall Showing Today!



Our \$38 Suits aren't worth a cent more than

We're sick of all this talk about stores "giving things away". Stores are opened to get patrons and are operated to get profits. We, too, get profits, and if we didn't you'd have no respect for us!

But try to find one other store in New York that'll give you what we'll give you at this price. We tried, but couldn't find it!

Suits for Men & \$38.00 Young Men at

THE FASTEST GROWING MEN'S CLOTHING BUSINESS IN THE HISTORY OF MANHATTAN

B. Altman & Co.

this country for the use of Ireland has

Over Officers' Pay.

United Mine Workers of America to-day killed a motion to require officers of the mion to repay a part of their salaries

lection of the motion, said its adoption

mind as a "band of thieves."

would brand the officers in the public

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street

Thirty-fifth Street

Beginning to-day (Saturday) A Remarkable Offering of Several Hundred

Women's All-wool Jersey Suits

(Winter-weight)

in heather mixtures and plain colors; all of them smart, up-to-date models, including the new long-coat suit and a combination slip-on dress with coat

presenting extraordinary value at

\$18.75

Sizes: 34 to 521/2, inclusive

(Sale on the Sixth Floor; Thirty-fifth Street elevators)